The ulimate source of information for wood flooring professionals



## **TECHNICAL BULLETIN #18**

## RESPONSIBILITES OF A WOOD FLOOR CONTRACTOR

When consumers engage contractors, who hold themselves out to be a "wood floor contractor" it is entirely reasonable for them to expect, that such a contractor is knowledgeable about the industry and aware of his responsibilities.

## WOOD FLOOR CONTRACTORS

Wood floor contractors must be aware that in contracting the installation of wood floor works, they are **responsible**, to ensure the following:-

- 1. That the products that they are installing are "fit for purpose". (A quality product that will deliver what is "claimed").
- 2. That the site upon which products are being installed, is a "suitable site" to be installing wood floors (drainage / sub floor ventilation / below grade installation.
- 3. Own and know how to operate and record all necessary site information **before** commencement of works.
  - Concrete Moisture Meter
  - Timber Moisture Meter
  - Specie correction tables (both "corrected and "uncorrected meter readings) should be record.
  - Know and be able to identify timber species
  - Understand and be able to advise on "hardness ratings" of timber species
  - Know, understand, and be able to advise on potential sanding and coating problems "typically" inherent in certain timber species, (oils, rejection etc.,)
  - Own and use a 3 metre straight-edge to "check" the acceptability of a sub floor for "planeness and tolerance" prior to commencement of floor installation works.

Test the surface of the sub floor for "friability" with 50 cent coin or similar.

- Know and undertake "water drop testing" for permeability of the sub floor prior to commencement of works.
- **Consider** use of Epoxy Moisture Seal to "bind" the surface of sub floors that are found to be "questionable" from a "friability" or permeability aspect.
- Consider if "dry" grinding with diamond grinder is appropriate to "prepare" the slab.

Apart from the use of such products as a **liquid membrane** (minimum 2 coat application) on any work contemplated in below grade installations ?????????

- 4. **Consider** all "environmental" circumstances relevant to **this site**, geographically. (Close to coast / high humidity / very "dry" area large body of water dam or lake / massive areas of glass radiant heat).
- 5. **Consider** what **additional** expansion must be constructed **within** the establishment of this floor, that is "greater than" the **minimum** requirements of the Building Code of Australia and published by **NWFAA** "good trade practice".
- 6. **Consider**, that it is **not** considered wisdom to be installing any **glue-down** wood floor system over **old magnesite** as movement of wood floors will cause magnesite bond to fail, and hence floor installation will "fail"
- 7. **Consider**, that your use of **any** type of polyurethane coating over **any** mechanically jointed (T&G) floor, may be held responsible for **"edge bond"** failure that could see you held responsible for complete floor replacement.
- 8. **Consider**, if you install any board floor in excess of **85** mm wide as a "secret nailed" floor and it **fails**, you will have installed contrary to the Building Code of Australia.

**Remember**, a little extra time and care at every stage of the process, makes all the difference between a "professional" and a "cowboy".

Take **"pride"** in everything that you do today to enhance the professionalism of the Specialised Wood Floor Industry.